Lecture 6: Matching

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Problem Set I

- Due on 2/20 11:59pm, late submission due on 2/22 11:59pm
- Tidyverse or Base R

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Problem Set I

- Due on 2/20 11:59pm, late submission due on 2/22 11:59pm
- Tidyverse or Base R
- Cite your source!
 - Superman helped me in coming up with the way to code this new variable.
 - ► Stackoverflow answer gave me the idea for this answer (with link).

Assumptions

 Probabilistic treatment: Not deterministic that you will (or will never) be invited to the show.

$$0 < \Pr(T_i = 1 | X_i) < 1$$

See more of these reviews for lecture 1 slides.

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 SUTVA: Other people's donation does not affect your donation amount. One single version of treatment level.

$$Y_i(T_i, Y_i(T_i')) = Y_i(T_i) \quad \forall i \neq i'$$
$$Y_i(T_i) = Y_i(T_i') \text{ if } T_i = T_i'$$

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Identifying assumptions

 Valid matched set: On average, donation for those invited would have been the same to those in the matched set (not invited), if they were not invited.

$$\underbrace{\mathbb{E}(Y_i(0)|T_i=1)}_{\text{unobserved}} = \mathbb{E}(Y_i(0)|T_i=0, i \in \mathcal{M})$$

Proof

Let's start with the assumption above.

$$\begin{split} &\mathbb{E}_S(\left.Y_i(0)\right|T_i=1) = \mathbb{E}_S(\left.Y_i(0)\right|T_i=0, i \in \mathcal{M}) \\ &-\mathbb{E}_S(\left.Y_i(0)\right|T_i=1) = -\mathbb{E}_S(\left.Y_i(0)\right|T_i=0, i \in \mathcal{M}) \quad \text{multiple by -1} \end{split}$$

Proof

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$$\begin{split} &\mathbb{E}_{S}(\left.Y_{i}(0)\right|T_{i}=1)=\mathbb{E}_{S}(\left.Y_{i}(0)\right|T_{i}=0,i\in\mathcal{M})\\ &-\mathbb{E}_{S}(\left.Y_{i}(0)\right|T_{i}=1)=-\mathbb{E}_{S}(\left.Y_{i}(0)\right|T_{i}=0,i\in\mathcal{M}) \quad \text{multiple by -1} \end{split}$$

Let's add $E(Y_i(1)|T_i=1)$ to both sides of the equation.

$$\underbrace{\mathbb{E}(Y_i(1) - Y_i(0)|T_i = 1)}_{}$$

Average treatment effect on the treated, unobserved

=

$$\mathbb{E}_{S}(Y_{i}(1)|T_{i}=1) - \mathbb{E}_{S}(Y_{i}(0)|T_{i}=0, i \in \mathcal{M})$$

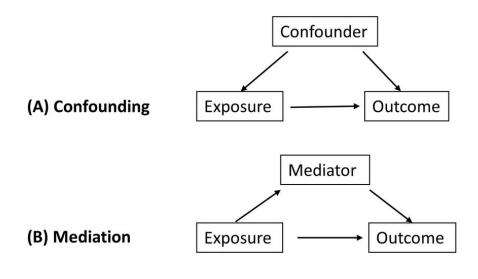
Observed from data

Mediators

- Critique on matching method assumptions.
 - ► What if observables are not enough? Aside from incumbency, party, previous donations, what are other variables that might matter?
 - Mediators? Intermediate variable between the treatment and the outcome.

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Mediators



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Colber Effect

- What are the possible mediators between appearance in the show and donation?
 - Connectivity

Appearance leads to better network and potential new donors.

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Appearance leads to better network and potential new donors.

- Matching method with above assumptions cannot match on mediators. And this is problematic when:
 - ▶ The mediators are different for treated and matched units.
 - We want to know the **direct** treatment effect of appearance on donation.

MatchIt Package

• Compare balance between and after matching

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- Compare balance between and after matching
- Coarsened exact matching
 - ► Age groups instead of age.

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- Compare balance between and after matching
- Coarsened exact matching
 - Age groups instead of age.
- Mahalanobis distance matching.